

Unit One: Body parts

①

1. **somat, corp**

- a. somatology
- b. corporal
- c. corpse

**body**

**Latin**

(*somat, body + ology, study of*)

The study of the body.

(*corpor, body + al, relating to*)

Pertaining to the body.

(*corp, body*)

A dead body-especially that of a human being.

2. **derm(at)**

- a. pachyderm
- b. hypodermic
- c. dermatology

**skin**

**Greek**

(*pachy, thick + derm, skin*)

Any of several large, thick-skinned mammals.

(*hypo, under + derm, skin + ic, relating to*)

Relating to parts under the skin.

(*dermat, skin + ology, study of*)

Study of the functions and diseases of the skin.

3. **cephal(o), cap**

- a. encephalitis
- b. captain
- c. decapitate

**head, brain**

**Greek**

(*encephal, brain + itis, inflammation*)

Inflammation of the brain.

(*Ltn - caput - head*)

One who commands, leads, or guides others.

(*de, remove + caput, head*)

To cut off the head.

②

4. **hem(o)(a)(at)**

- a. hemophilia
- b. hematology
- c. hematoma

**blood**

**Greek**

(*hemo, blood + phil, affinity for + ia, condition*)

A blood-coagulation disorder.

(*hemat, blood + ology, study of*)

Study of the blood and its diseases.

(*hemat, blood + oma, tumor*)

A localized swelling filled with blood.

5. **cardi(o)**

- a. cardiac
- b. pericardial
- c. cardiologist

**heart**

**Greek**

(*cardi, heart + ac, pertaining to*)

Pertaining to the heart.

(*peri, around + cardi, heart + al, related to*)

Situated around the heart.

(*cardi, heart + ology, study of + ist, one who*)

One who studies the heart and its functions.

6. **arthr(o)**

- a. arthritis
- b. arthropod
- c. arthralgia

**joint**

**Greek**

(*arthr, joint + itis, inflammation of*)

Inflammation of the joints.

(*arthro, joint + pod, foot*)

Creature with a jointed appendage.

(*arthr, joint + alg, pain, +ia, condition*)

Pain in a joint

Unit Two: Body parts

7. odont(o), dent(o)

- a. orthodontics
- b. denture
- c. dentist

**tooth, teeth**

**Greek**

(*ortho, straight + dont, teeth + ic, practice*)  
 The dental specialty of correcting the teeth.  
 (*dent, teeth + ure, function*)  
 A partial or complete set of artificial teeth.  
 (*dent, teeth + ist, one who does*)  
 One who works on teeth.

8. bronch(o)

- a. bronchitis
- b. bronchogram
- c. bronchoscope

**windpipe**

**Greek**

(*bronch, windpipe + itis, inflammation*)  
 Inflammation of the windpipe.  
 (*bronch, windpipe + gram, to record*)  
 An x-ray examination of the windpipe.  
 (*broncho, windpipe + scope, to see*)  
 A thin tube used to see into the windpipe.

9. digit

- a. digital
- b. digitigrade
- c. digitate

**toe, finger**

**Latin**

(*digit, fingers + al, pertaining to*)  
 Pertaining to a finger or the fingers.  
 (*digit, toe + grade, to step*)  
 Walking on the toes with the heel off the ground.  
 (*digit, fingers + ate, condition*)  
 Having parts arranged like the fingers on a hand.

10. manu

- a. manual
- b. manipulate
- c. manuscript

**hand**

**Latin**

(*manu, hand + al, pertaining to*)  
 Done by hand.  
 (*manu, hand + ate, condition*)  
 To operate or control by skilled use of the hands.  
 (*manu, hand + script, to write*)  
 A book or document written by hand.

11. pod(o)/ ped

- a. bipod
- b. polypod
- c. pedestrian

**foot**

**Greek/Latin**

(*bi, two + pod, foot*)  
 A two-legged support.  
 (*poly, many + pod, foot*)  
 Having many feet.  
 (*pedestr, foot + ian, one who specializes in*)  
 One who travels on foot.

12. opt(o)

- a. optometry
- b. synoptic
- c. optic

**eye, view, sight**

**Greek**

(*opto, eye + metry, science of measuring*)  
 Testing the eyes by use of instruments.  
 (*syn, same + opt, eye + ic, pertaining to*)  
 Taking a common view.  
 (*opt, eye + ic, pertaining to*)  
 Pertaining to the eye.

Unit Three: What Bodies Can Do

13. graph, gram/scrib, script

- a. graphology
- b. scribble
- c. subscript

to write, record

(**graph**, to write + **ology**, study of)

The study of handwriting.

(**scrib**, to write + **ble**, capable of)

To write hurriedly.

(**sub**, below + **script**, to write)

A letter written slightly below and to the right of another character.

Greek/Latin

14. vis

- a. division
- b. invisible
- c. vision

to see

(**di**, two + **vis**, to see + **ion**, state of)

To see something in more than one part.

(**in**, not + **vis**, to see + **ible**, able to be)

Not able to be seen.

(**vis**, to see + **ion**, state of being)

The act or power of seeing.

Latin

15. vor(e)

- a. voracious
- b. carnivore
- c. herbivore

to eat

(**vor**, to eat, to swallow + **acious**, act of)

Consuming large amounts of food.

(**carni**, flesh + **vor**, to eat)

A flesh-eating creature.

(**herb**, plant + **vor**, to eat)

A plant-eating mammal.

Latin

16. dic(t), voc, vok

- a. dictate
- b. vocal
- c. revoke

to speak, call, voice

(**dict**, to speak + **ate**, cause to)

To say or read aloud to be recorded or written.

(**voc**, voice + **al**, relating to)

Pertaining to or produced by the voice.

(**re**, back + **vok**, to call)

To take back or cancel.

Latin

17. scop, / spec, spic

- a. microscopic
- b. spectacle
- c. conspicuous

to look

(**micro**, small + **scop**, to view + **ic**, related to)

Invisible to see with the naked eye.

(**spect**, to look + **cle**, small)

Something that can be seen or viewed.

(**con**, completely + **spic**, to look + **ous**, quality of)

Easily noticed.

Greek/Latin

18. ambul, grad-, -grade, gress

- a. ambulate
- b. graduate
- c. progress

to walk, move around

(**ambul**, to walk + **ate**, condition)

To walk from place to place.

(**grad**, to step + **ate**, condition)

Someone who completed a set course of study.

(**pro**, forward + **gress**, to go)

Forward movement.

Latin

Unit Four: What Bodies Can Do

19. **dorm(i)**

- a. dormant
- b. dormitory
- c. dormancy

**to sleep**

**Latin**

(*dorm*, sleep + *ant*, acted upon)

Sleeping, inactive, resting.

(*dormi*, sleep + *tory*, place for)

A communal sleeping room with several beds.

(*dorm*, sleep + *ancy*, state of)

A state of hibernation.

20. **ten, tin, tain**

- a. tenacious
- b. pertinent
- c. obtain

**to hold, grasp, have**

**Latin**

(*ten*, hold + *acious*, characterized by)

Holding fast, firmly held.

(*per*, through + *tin*, to hold, + *ent*, inclined to)

Having precise relevance to the matter at hand.

(*ob*, against + *tain*, to hold)

To succeed in gaining possession of.

21. **audi(o)**

- a. audiology
- b. auditorium
- c. audiophile

**to hear, listen**

**Latin**

(*audi*, hearing + *ology*, study of)

Study of hearing.

(*audit*, hearing + *orium*, a place for)

A place for the gathering of an audience.

(*audi*, hearing + *phile*, love)

A person with an interest in stereo equipment.

22. **phob(ia)**

- a. hydrophobia
- b. acrophobia
- c. xenophobia

**fear of**

**Greek**

(*hydro*, water + *phobia*, fear of)

An abnormal fear of water; rabies.

(*acro*, high + *phobia*, fear of)

A fear of heights.

(*xeno*, foreign + *phobia*, fear of)

A fear of strangers.

23. **itis**

- a. dermatitis
- b. bronchitis
- c. appendicitis

**inflammation**

**Greek**

(*dermat*, skin + *itis*, inflammation)

Inflammation of the skin.

(*bronch*, windpipe + *itis*, inflammation)

Inflammation of the windpipe.

(*appendix*, appendage + *itis*, inflammation of)

Inflammation of the appendix.

24. **mania**

- a. maniac
- b. kleptomania
- c. bibliomania

**craving, insanity**

**Greek**

(*mania*, excessive desire + *ac*, one who)

A raving or violent person.

(*klepto*, to steal + *mania*, excessive desire)

An irresistible impulse to steal.

(*biblio*, book + *mania*, excessive desire)

An excessive fondness for collecting rare books.

Unit Five: People

25. **andr(o)**

- a. androgynous
- b. android
- c. androphobia

**man, male**

**Greek**

(*andro*, male + *gyn*, female + *ous*, quality of)  
 Exhibiting both male and female characteristics.  
 (*andr*, man + *oid*, resembling)  
 Resembling a man.  
 (*andro*, man + *phobia*, fear)  
 Abnormal fear of men.

26. **anthrop(θ), hum**

- a. philanthropy
- b. anthropology
- c. human

**man, mankind**

**Greek**

(*phil*, love + *anthrop*, mankind + *y*, state)  
 Love of mankind.  
 (*anthrop*, mankind + *ology*, study)  
 Study of mankind.  
 (*hum*, mankind + *an*, belonging to )  
 Of, relating to, or characteristic of human beings.

27. **patr, pater**

- a. patriarch
- b. paternal
- c. paternity

**father**

**Latin**

(*patri*, father + *arch*, rule)  
 A man who rules a family, class, or tribe.  
 (*pater*, father + *al*, related to)  
 Relating to or characteristics of a father.  
 (*pater*, father + *ity*, state of)  
 The state of being a father.

28. **matr, mater**

- a. matriarch
- b. maternal
- c. maternity

**mother**

**Latin**

(*matri*, mother + *arch*, rule)  
 A woman who rules a family, class, or tribe.  
 (*mater*, mother + *al*, related to)  
 Relating to or characteristics of a mother.  
 (*mater*, mother + *ity*, state of)  
 The state of being a mother.

29. **ped**

- a. pediatrician
- b. pediatrics
- c. pedagogue

**child**

**Greek**

(*paide* > *ped*, child + *iater*, healing + *ician*, specialist)  
 Doctor specializing in children.  
 (*paide* > *ped*, child + *iater*, healing + *ics*, study of)  
 The branch of medicine that deals with children.  
 (*paide* > *ped*, child + *agog*, leader)  
 A schoolteacher, an educator of children.

30. **gyn(ec)**

- a. gynarchy
- b. gynecocracy
- c. gynecology

**woman, female**

**Greek**

(*gyn*, woman + *arch*, rule + *y*, act)  
 Government by women.  
 (*gyneco*, woman + *cracy*, government)  
 A society ruled by women.  
 (*gynec*, woman + *ology*, study of)  
 Study of female diseases.

Unit Six: People

31. **phil(o), phile**

- a. philanthropy
- b. philology
- c. bibliophile

**to love, lover of**

**Greek**

(*phil*, to love + *anthrop*, mankind + *y*, act)  
 A love of mankind.  
 (*philo*, to love + *log*, speech + *y*, act)  
 A love of argument or speech.  
 (*biblio*, book + *phile*, lover of)  
 A lover of books.

32. **aut(o)**

- a. autobiography
- b. autograph
- c. automatic

**self**

**Greek**

(*auto*, self + *bio*, life + *graph*, to write + *y*, act)  
 Story of a person's life written by himself.  
 (*auto*, self + *graph*, to write)  
 One's own signature.  
 (*auto*, self + *matos*, acting + *ic*, relating to)  
 Operating without external assistance.

33. **dem(o)**

- a. democracy
- b. democratic
- c. demographics

**people**

**Greek**

(*demo*, people + *crac*, government + *y*, act)  
 Government by the people.  
 (*demo*, people + *crat*, government + *ic*, relating to)  
 Of, characterized, or advocating democracy.  
 (*demo*, people + *graph*, to write + *ics*, relating to)  
 The statistical data of human populations.

34. **the(o)**

- a. theology
- b. theomachy
- c. theophany

**god**

**Greek**

(*theo*, god + *ology*, study of)  
 Study of the nature of God and religious truth.  
 (*theo*, god + *machy*, struggle)  
 Battle among gods, as in the Homeric poems.  
 (*theo*, god + *phan*, to appear + *y*, act)  
 Appearance of a god to a human being.

35. **eer, or, er, yer, ist**

- a. auctioneer
- b. conductor
- c. anthropologist

**person who, that which**

**Latin**

(*auctio*, public sale + *eer*, person who)  
 Person who publicly sells property for others.  
 (*conducere*, to lead + *or*, person who)  
 Someone who leads others.  
 (*anthrop*, man + *ology*, study of + *ist*, person who)  
 Someone who studies the development of man.

36. **gen(o)**

- a. genetics
- b. genocide
- c. biogenic

**birth, race, cause**

**Greek**

(*gen*, birth + *ics*, study of)  
 Study of heredity.  
 (*geno*, race + *cide*, to kill)  
 Deliberate killing of a race or culture.  
 (*bio*, life + *gen*, birth + *ic*, related to)  
 Produced by living organisms.

Unit Seven: Places

13

37. hypo, / sub

- a. hypodermic
- b. hypothermia
- c. submarine

**under, below**

**Greek/Latin**

(*hypo*, under + *derm*, skin + *ic*, related to)  
 Injected under the skin.  
 (*hypo*, under + *therm*, heat + *ia*, condition)  
 Harmful exposure to low temperatures.  
 (*sub*, under + *mar*, sea + *ine*, relating to)  
 A craft that travels under the sea.

38. hyper / super

- a. hyperbaric
- b. supervisor
- c. supersonics

**over, above**

**Greek/Latin**

(*hyper*, over + *bar*, pressure + *ic*, related to)  
 Pertaining to pressures above normal.  
 (*super*, over + *vis*, to see + *or*, one who)  
 One who oversees others.  
 (*super*, above + *son*, sound + *ics*, study of)  
 Study of a body moving at speeds greater than  
 the speed of sound.

39. inter

- a. intermediate
- b. interrupt
- c. intercept

**between**

**Latin**

(*inter*, between + *medi*, middle + *ate*, state)  
 Occurring between two things in time or order.  
 (*inter*, between + *rupt*, to break)  
 To hinder or stop by breaking in upon.  
 (*inter*, between + *cept*, to take)  
 To seize something before it can reach its destination.

40. intro, intra / endo

- a. introduce
- b. intramural
- c. endoscope

**within, inside, inward**

**Latin/Greek**

(*intro*, inward + *duc*, to lead)  
 To present for the first time.  
 (*intra*, within + *muras*, wall + *al*, related to)  
 Within the boundaries of a city or school.  
 (*endo*, inside + *scop*, to look)  
 An instrument used to look inside the body.

14

41. ep(i)

- a. ephemeral
- b. epidemic
- c. epigeal

**on, outside**

**Greek**

(*ep*, on + *hemer*, day + *al*, relating to)  
 Lasting for one day only.  
 (*epi*, among + *dem*, people + *ic*, relating to)  
 Rapid spread of something.  
 (*epi*, on + *geo*, earth, + *al*, relating to)  
 Living or occurring on the surface of the ground.

42. co, con, com, syn, sym

- a. conspire
- b. compel
- c. sympathy

**with, together**

**Latin**

(*con*, together + *spir*, breathe)  
 To work or act together.  
 (*com*, together + *pel*, to drive)  
 To drive or urge irresistibly.  
 (*sym*, same + *path*, feeling + *y*, state)  
 Mutual feeling.

Unit Eight: Places

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<p>15</p> <p><b>43. tele</b></p> <p>a. telegram</p> <p>b. telephone</p> <p>c. television</p>	<p><b>from afar</b> <span style="float: right;"><b>Greek</b></span></p> <p>(<i>tele</i>, from <i>afar</i> + <i>gram</i>, to write) A message sent from a distance.</p> <p>(<i>tele</i>, from <i>afar</i> + <i>phon</i>, sound) A sound transmitted from a distance.</p> <p>(<i>tele</i>, from <i>afar</i> + <i>vis</i>, to see + <i>ion</i>, state) Images that have been transmitted from a distance.</p>
<p><b>44. via-, voy-, -vey</b></p> <p>a. viaduct</p> <p>b. voyage</p> <p>c. convey</p>	<p><b>way, road, path</b> <span style="float: right;"><b>Latin</b></span></p> <p>(<i>via</i>, road + <i>duct</i>, to lead) Bridge spanning a road.</p> <p>(<i>voy</i>, way + <i>age</i>, state) A long journey.</p> <p>(<i>con</i>, with + <i>vey</i>, road) To carry, transport.</p>
<p><b>45. pre, pro, ante, ant(i)</b></p> <p>a. premature</p> <p>b. progeny</p> <p>c. antecedent</p>	<p><b>before, forward, prior to</b> <span style="float: right;"><b>Latin</b></span></p> <p>(<i>pre</i>, before + <i>maturas</i>, ripen) Occurring before an assigned time.</p> <p>(<i>pro</i>, forward + <i>gen</i>, birth + <i>y</i>, state of) An offspring or descendent.</p> <p>(<i>ante</i>, before + <i>cede</i>, to go + <i>ent</i>, in a state of) A preceding event.</p>
<p>16</p> <p><b>46. chron(o), temp</b></p> <p>a. anachronism</p> <p>b. chronic</p> <p>c. temporary</p>	<p><b>time</b> <span style="float: right;"><b>Greek</b></span></p> <p>(<i>ana</i>, back + <i>chron</i>, time + <i>ism</i>, act) Out of place or time.</p> <p>(<i>chron</i>, time + <i>ic</i>, relating to) Frequent recurrence over a period of time.</p> <p>(<i>temp</i>, time + <i>ary</i>, relating to) Enjoyed for a limited time.</p>
<p><b>47. ann, enn</b></p> <p>a. annuity</p> <p>b. anniversary</p> <p>c. millennium</p>	<p><b>year, years</b> <span style="float: right;"><b>Latin</b></span></p> <p>(<i>ann</i>, year + <i>ity</i>, state of) Yearly payment of an income.</p> <p>(<i>ann</i>, year + <i>vers</i>, turn + <i>ary</i>, relating to) Happening every year.</p> <p>(<i>mill</i>, thousand + <i>enn</i>, years + <i>ium</i>, grouping) A period of one thousand years.</p>
<p><b>48. prim / proto</b></p> <p>a. primogenitor</p> <p>b. primary</p> <p>c. prototype</p>	<p><b>first</b> <span style="float: right;"><b>Latin/ Greek</b></span></p> <p>(<i>prim</i>, first + <i>gen</i>, birth + <i>itor</i>, one who) The earliest ancestor of a people or family.</p> <p>(<i>prim</i>, first + <i>ary</i>, relating to) First or highest in rank.</p> <p>(<i>proto</i>, first + <i>type</i>, model) An original from which other things are developed.</p>



Unit Nine: Things

49. **bio / vit**

- a. biography
- b. symbiosis
- c. vital

**life**

**Greek/Latin**

(*bio*, life + *graph*, to write + *y*, act)

The story of someone's life.

(*sym*, together + *bio*, life + *osis*, condition of)

Living together. Relationship between two or more organisms

(*vit*, life + *al*, relating to)

which is beneficial.

Essential to life.

50. **psych(o)**

- a. psychology
- b. psychosis
- c. psychosomatic

**mind, spirit**

**Greek**

(*psycho*, mind + *ology*, study of)

The science of the mind.

(*psych*, mind + *osis*, condition of)

A condition of mental illness.

(*psycho*, mind + *somat*, body + *ic*, relating to)

Diseases of the body created by the mind.

51. **techn(o)**

- a. technology
- b. technography
- c. technocracy

**art, skill, craft, builder**

**Greek**

(*techn*, skill + *ology*, study of)

The study of the industrial arts.

(*techno*, art/skill + *graph*, to write + *y*, state)

The descriptive study of the arts and sciences.

(*tech*, art/skill + *crac*, government + *y*, state)

Government ruled by technical experts.

52. **ium**

- a. uranium
- b. chromium
- c. plutonium

**chemical element, grouping**

**Latin**

(*uranos*, heaven + *ium*, chemical element)

A radioactive toxic element.

(*chrom*, color + *ium*, chemical element)

An element used for making pigments.

(*pluto*, wealth + *ium*, chemical element)

A naturally radioactive element.

53. **cracy, crat**

- a. democracy
- b. aristocracy
- c. aristocrat

**government, rule, power**

**Greek**

(*demo*, people + *cracy*, government)

Government by the people.

(*aristo*, best + *cracy*, government)

Government by a ruling class.

(*aristo*, best + *crat*, power)

A member of the nobility.

54. **bibli(o) / libr**

- a. bibliography
- b. bibliophile
- c. library

**book**

**Greek/Latin**

(*biblio*, book + *graph*, to write + *y*, act of)

A list of works by a specific author.

(*biblio*, book + *phile*, lover of)

A lover of books.

(*libr*, book + *ary*, place for)

A place where books are kept.

**Unit Ten: Natural Thing**

**55. geo, / terr**

- a. geology
- b. geocentric
- c. terra cotta

**earth**

**Greek/Latin**

(*geo, earth + ology, study of*)  
 Study of the earth.  
 (*geo, earth + centr, center + ic, related to*)  
 Relating to the Earth's center.  
 (*terra, earth + cotta, baked*)  
 A hard, semi-fired waterproof ceramic clay used in pottery.

**56. aero**

- a. aerospace
- b. aerial
- c. aerophobia

**air, atmosphere, aviation**

**Greek**

(*aero, air + space*)  
 The Earth's atmosphere and the space beyond it.  
 (*aero, air + ial, pertaining to*)  
 Occurring in, or caused by air.  
 (*aero, air + phobia, fear of*)  
 A fear of air, especially of drafts.

**57. pyro, igni**

- a. pyrotechnics
- b. pyromania
- c. ignite

**fire**

**Greek/Latin**

(*pyro, fire + techno, art + ics, relating to*)  
 The art of making and using fireworks.  
 (*pyro, fire + mania, mental aberration*)  
 An uncontrollable urge to start fires.  
 (*igni, fire + ite, product of*)  
 To cause to burn.

**58. aqua, / hydr(a)(o)**

- a. aquarium
- b. dehydrate
- c. hydrothermal

**water**

**Latin/Greek**

(*aqua, water + ium, grouping*)  
 A container that holds water for fish.  
 (*de, remove + hydr, water + ate, cause to be*)  
 To take water from.  
 (*hydro, water + therm, heat + al, relating to*)  
 Of or relating to hot water.

**59. heli(o), sol**

- a. heliophile
- b. heliocentric
- c. solar

**sun**

**Greek/Latin**

(*helio, sun + phile, lover of*)  
 One who is attracted to sunlight.  
 (*helio, sun + centr, center + ic, relating to*)  
 Measured from the center of the sun.  
 (*solaris, sun*)  
 Of or relating to the sun.

**60. astr(o) / stell**

- a. astronomy
- b. disaster
- c. stellar

**star**

**Greek/Latin**

(*astro, star + nomy, system of laws*)  
 The study of the universe.  
 (*dis, negative + aster, star*)  
 Widespread damage.  
 (*stell, star + ar relating to*)  
 Of, relating to, or consisting of stars.

Unit Eleven: Natural Things

61. therm(o)

- a. geothermal
- b. thermometer
- c. thermostat

heat

Greek

(*geo*, earth + *therm*, heat + *al*, relating to)  
 Relating to the heat of the earth's core.  
 (*thermo*, heat + *meter*, measure)  
 Device for measuring heat.  
 (*thermo*, heat + *stat*, stabilize)  
 Device that changes and regulates temperature.

62. luc, lum, / phot(o)

- a. elucidate
- b. luminous
- c. photograph

light

Latin/Greek

(*e*, out + *lucid*, light + *ate*, cause)  
 To make bright, clear.  
 (*lum*, light + *ous*, full of)  
 The emission of light.  
 (*photo*, light + *graph*, instrument for recording)  
 Image reproduced on a photosensitive surface.

63. foli, / phyll

- a. foliation
- b. foliate
- c. chlorophyll

leaf

Latin/Greek

(*foli*, leaf + *ation*, state of)  
 State of being in leaf.  
 (*foli*, leaf + *ate*, condition)  
 Of or relating to leaves.  
 (*chloro*, green + *phyll*, leaf)  
 A green plant pigment.

64. tox

- a. toxic
- b. toxin
- c. detoxify

poison

Latin

(*tox*, poison + *ic*, related to)  
 Relating to poison.  
 (*tox*, poison + *in*, chemical substance)  
 A poisonous substance.  
 (*de*, remove + *tox*, poison + *ify*, to make)  
 To take the poison out of someone or something.

65. bene, bon

- a. beneficent
- b. benediction
- c. bonus

good

Latin

(*bene*, good + *fic*, to do + *ent*, inclined in)  
 The state or quality of being kind.  
 (*bene*, good + *dict*, to speak + *tion*, act)  
 A blessing.  
 (*bon*, good + *us*, full of)  
 Something given or paid beyond what is expected.

66. agr

- a. agrarian
- b. agrobiology
- c. agronomy

field

Latin

(*agrar*, field + *ian*, one who specializes in)  
 Relating to the land and its ownership.  
 (*agro*, field + *bio*, life + *logy*, study of)  
 The study of plant nutrition and growth.  
 (*agro*, field + *nomy*, laws of)  
 Scientific agriculture.

Unit Twelve: Things You Can Do

67. act

- a. action
- b. actor
- c. actual

to do, make

Latin

(**act**, to do + **ion**, state of)  
 The doing of something.  
 (**act**, to do + **or**, person who)  
 One who does something.  
 (**act**, to do + **al**, relating to)  
 Existing and not merely being possible.

68. klept(o)

- a. kleptomania
- b. kleptomaniac
- c. kleptocracy

to steal

Greek

(**klepto**, to steal + **mania**, mental aberration)  
 An impulse to steal.  
 (**klepto**, to steal + **mania**, craving + **ac**, one who)  
 One who has an impulse to steal.  
 (**klepto**, to steal + **crac**, government + **y**, state of)  
 Government ruled by thieves.

69. frac, frag, rupt

- a. fracture
- b. fragile
- c. eruption

to break

Latin

(**frac**, to break + **ure**, process)  
 A break in a bone or other hard surface.  
 (**frag**, to break + **ile**, capable of)  
 Extremely easy to break.  
 (**e**, out + **rupt**, burst + **tion**, result)  
 To force out violently.

70. simil

- a. similar
- b. simile
- c. assimilate

to resemble

Latin

(**simil**, same + **ar**, relating to)  
 Like, much the same.  
 (**simil**, same)  
 A figure of speech in which one thing is likened to another.  
 (**as**, to + **simil**, like + **ate**, to be)  
 To absorb to make one's own; to adapt.

always uses "like" or "as"

71. struc(t)

- a. construction
- b. destruction
- c. structure

to build

Latin

(**con**, together + **struct**, to build + **tion**, act)  
 To form by combining parts.  
 (**de**, reverse + **struct**, to build + **ion**, act)  
 The act of destroying.  
 (**struct**, to build + **ure**, act)  
 Something made of a combination of parts.

72. tens

- a. tension
- b. tensity tensile
- c. tensor

to stretch

Latin

(**tens**, to stretch + **ion**, condition of)  
 The act of stretching something tight.  
 (**tens**, to stretch + **ity**, state of)  
 The state of being tense.  
 (**tens**, to stretch + **or**, something that)  
 A muscle that tightens a body part.

Unit Thirteen: Things You Can Do

73. port

- a. portable
- b. transport
- c. porter

to carry

(**port**, to carry + **able**, able to be)  
 Able to be carried.  
 (**trans**, across + **port**, to carry)  
 To carry across.  
 (**port**, to carry + **or**, one who)  
 One who carries baggage.

Latin

74. ject, jet

- a. eject
- b. reject
- c. jettison

to throw

(**e**, out of + **ject**, to throw)  
 To throw out, away.  
 (**re**, back, again + **ject**, to throw)  
 To refuse to accept.  
 (**jet**, to throw)  
 To cast overboard or off.

Latin

75. miss, mitt

- a. transmission
- b. dismiss
- c. transmittal

to send

(**trans**, across + **miss**, to send + **ion**, condition of)  
 Message sent across.  
 (**dis**, not + **miss**, send)  
 To send away.  
 (**trans**, across + **mitt**, to send + **al**, action)  
 To send a message.

Latin

A sent

76. viv

- a. vivacious
- b. vivarium
- c. vivify

to live

(**viv**, to live + **ac**, in + **ious**, full of)  
 Full of animation/spirit.  
 (**viv**, to live + **ium**, grouping)  
 Indoor enclosure for keeping animals and plants in natural conditions for observation and research.  
 (**viv**, to live + **ify**, cause to become)  
 To give or bring life to.

Latin

77. vert, volv, rota

- a. vertical
- b. revolve
- c. rotate

to turn

(**vert**, to turn + **ical**, relating to)  
 Being or situated at right angles to the horizon.  
 (**re**, back, again + **volve**, to turn)  
 To turn around.  
 (**rota**, to turn + **ate**, to be)  
 To turn in a circular motion.

Latin

78. naut

- a. cosmonaut
- b. nautical
- c. hydronaut

to sail

(**cosmo**, universe + **naut**, to sail)  
 One who sails the universe.  
 (**naut**, to sail + **ical**, relating to)  
 Like or relating to sailing.  
 (**hydro**, water + **naut**, to sail)  
 A person trained to operate deep submergence vehicles.

Greek

Unit Fourteen: Things You Can Do

79. **flect, flex**

- a. deflect
- b. flexible
- c. flexor

**to bend**

(*de*, reverse + *flect*, to bend)

Latin

To turn aside.

(*flex*, to bend + *ible*, able to be)

Capable of being bent.

(*flex*, to bend + *or*, something that)

A muscle that when contracted, bends a joint.

80. **flu**

- a. fluent  
(adj.)
- b. fluid
- c. flume

**to flow**

(*flu*, to flow + *ent*, inclined to)

Latin

the ability To express oneself readily and effortlessly.

(*flu*, to flow + *id*, particle)

A substance that moves freely.

(*flu*, to flow)

A gorge where water flows freely.

81. **cide, sec, seg**

- a. homicide
- b. section
- c. segment

**to kill, to cut**

(*homo*, man + *cide*, to kill)

Latin

The killing of one person by another.

(*sec*, to cut + *tion*, act of)

The act or process of cutting or separating.

(*seg*, to cut + *ment* act of)

Any of the parts in which something can be divided.

82. **mis(o)**

- a. misanthrope
- b. misogynist
- c. misogamy

**to hate**

(*mis*, to hate + *anthrop*, man)

Greek

One who hates mankind.

(*miso*, to hate + *gyn*, woman + *ist*, one who)

One who hates women.

(*miso*, to hate + *gam*, marriage + *y*, state of)

Hatred of marriage.

83. **mort**

- a. mortal
- b. mortician
- c. mortuary

**to die**

(*mort*, to die + *al*, relating to)

Latin

Liable or subject to death.

(*mort*, to die + *ician*, a specialist)

A funeral director.

(*mort*, to die + *ary*, place for)

A funeral home.

84. **(o)logy**

- a. zoology
- b. sociology
- c. archaeology

**science, study of**

(*zoo*, animal + *logy*, study of)

Greek

Study of animals and animal life.

(*socio*, social + *logy*, study of)

Study of social relations, organizations and change.

(*arche*, ancient + *ology*, study of)

Study of the life of ancient peoples or things.

Unit Fifteen: Things You Can Do

29

85. fug, -fuge

- a. fugitive
- b. fugacious
- c. refuge

to drive away, flee

Latin

(*fug*, to flee + *ive*, power)  
 Someone fleeing from punishment or danger.  
 (*fug*, to flee + *acious*, characterized by)  
 Passing away quickly, evanescent.  
 (*re*, back + *fuge*, to drive away)  
 Shelter or protection from danger, distress or difficulty.

86. duc, duce, duct

- a. conductor
- b. reduce
- c. abduct

to lead

Latin

(*con*, together + *duct*, to lead + *or*, person who)  
 A guide or leader of a party.  
 (*re*, back, again + *duce*, to lead)  
 To bring down.  
 (*ab*, away + *duct*, to lead)  
 To lead away by force.

87. orth(o)

- a. orthodox
- b. orthopedic
- c. orthoepy

right, straight, correct

Greek

(*ortho*, correct + *dox*, to think)  
 Adhering to what is accepted, traditional, and established.  
 (*ortho*, straight + *paide*, child + *ic*, relating to)  
 Branch of medicine treating bones, muscles and joints.  
 (*ortho*, correct + *epos*, word + *y*, act)  
 The correct pronunciation of the words of a language.

88. morph

- a. morphology
- b. morpheme
- c. morphine

change

Greek

(*morph*, change + *ology*, study of)  
 Study of change in organisms  
 (*morph*, change + *eme*, structural unit)  
 The smallest meaningful unit of a language  
 (*Morph(eus)*, change + *ine*, chemical)  
 A compound to dull pain.

30

89. mob, mot, mov, / cine, kine

- a. mobile
- b. motion
- c. kinesiology

move(ment)

Latin/Greek

(*mob*, movement + *ile*, relating to)  
 Capable of moving about.  
 (*mot*, movement + *tion*, act)  
 The process or act of changing positions.  
 (*kines*, movement + *ology*, study of)  
 The science or study of human muscular movements.

90. ible, able

- a. invisible
- b. visible
- c. portable

able to be

Latin

(*in*, not + *vis*, to see + *able*, able to be)  
 Not able to be seen.  
 (*vis*, to see + *ible*, able to be)  
 Able to be seen.  
 (*port*, to carry + *able*, able to be)  
 Able to be carried.

**Unit Sixteen: Descriptions**

**91. cred, creed**

- a. credit
- b. credible
- c. creed

**belief, faith, trust**

**Latin**

(*cred, faith*)  
 Belief (to give credit to a story), good reputation.  
 (*cred, belief + ible, able to be*)  
 Something that is believable.  
 (*creed, belief*)  
 A system of belief.

**92. path**

- a. pathological
- b. sympathy
- c. empathy

**feeling, suffering, disease**

**Greek**

(*path, disease + ology, study of + cal, relating to*)  
 Relating to or caused by disease.  
 (*sym, same + path, feeling + y, act*)  
 Sharing another person's sorrow.  
 (*em, intensive + path, feeling + y, act*)  
 Understanding of another person's feelings.

**93. log / lex**

- a. monologue
- b. logorrhea
- c. lexicon

**word, speech**

**Greek/Latin**

(*mono, one + log, speech*)  
 A speech delivered by one person.  
 (*logo, discourse + rhea, excessive flow*)  
 Excessive use of words.  
 (*lex, word + ic, relating to*)  
 A dictionary.

**94. soph(o)**

- a. sophisticated
- b. sophomore
- c. philosophy

**wise, wisdom, knowledge**

**Greek**

(*soph, wise + ist, one who + ate, condition*)  
 Having worldly knowledge.  
 (*sopho, wise + moros, foolish*)  
 A second year student at a high school or college.  
 (*philo, love + soph, wisdom + y, act*)  
 Love and pursuit of wisdom.

**95. xen(o)**

- a. xenophile
- b. xenophobe
- c. xenobiotic

**foreign**

**Greek**

(*xeno, foreign + phile, lover of*)  
 Someone attracted to that which is strange.  
 (*xeno, foreign + phobe, fear*)  
 Someone afraid of strangers or foreign people.  
 (*xeno, foreign + bio, life + ic, relating to*)  
 Something foreign to the human body.

**96. re-**

- a. retract
- b. revive
- c. retire

**back, again**

**Latin**

(*re, back + tract, draw*)  
 To draw back or in.  
 (*re, again + vive, to live*)  
 To bring back to life.  
 (*re, back + tire, to draw*)  
 To withdraw, to rest.